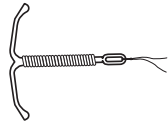


Option 3: Intra-uterine System (IUS)



What is it?

The IUS is a small, T-shaped plastic device containing the hormone progestogen, which is put into the womb through the vagina.

It works by thickening the mucus of the cervix (which makes it harder for sperm to get through) and making the lining of the womb thinner so that a fertilised egg cannot implant.

How effective is it?

It is over 99% effective (source: CoSRH).

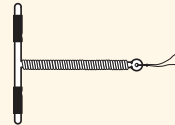
What advantages does it have?

- It lasts for three, five or eight years depending on which device is used
- Periods may stop or become lighter, shorter and sometimes less painful
- Your periods and fertility will return to normal when the IUS is removed

What disadvantages does it have?

- Irregular bleeding or spotting is common in the first six months
- Insertion can be uncomfortable

Option 4: Intra-uterine Device (IUD)



What is it?

The IUD is a T-shaped plastic device with copper on it. It does not contain any hormones. It is put into the womb through the vagina.

The copper in the device disables the sperm, and stops the sperm reaching the egg, which prevents fertilisation. It may also stop a fertilised egg implanting in the womb.

How effective is it?

It is over 99% effective (source: CoSRH).

What advantages does it have?

- It can last for five to ten years, but can be taken out sooner
- Your fertility will return to normal when the IUD is removed

What disadvantages does it have?

- Periods may be heavier or longer and more painful
- Insertion can be uncomfortable

For more sexual health advice,
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Birmingham and Solihull Sexual Health



Contraception after pregnancy

I need contraception that
I can't forget to take

We can help

Free and confidential
umbrellahealth.co.uk

Introduction

How can we help?

Do you want a method of contraception which doesn't rely on you remembering to take them or use them for them to be effective?

Have you heard about long-acting reversible contraception methods (LARCs)?

You can get these administered or fitted at an Umbrella GP surgery or in an Umbrella clinic. Some Umbrella pharmacists can administer the injection.

What do you need to know?

LARCs are contraceptives that can remain effective for a longer amount of time and they are fitted, inserted or injected. They include implants, injections and coils.

Our service locator can help you to find the Umbrella GP surgery, Umbrella clinic or Umbrella pharmacy nearest to you, so that you don't have to travel far.

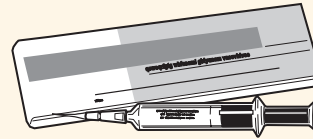
Visit: [www.umbrellahealth.co.uk/ service-locator/](http://www.umbrellahealth.co.uk/service-locator/)

What are the benefits?

LARCs are methods of contraception that you do not have to think about every day or every time you have sex, as you would with methods such as the pill or condoms.

They are also not permanent solutions like sterilisation so if you decide that you want a baby in the future, then they are fully reversible.

Option 1: Injection



What is it?

The contraceptive injection contains the hormone progestogen.

It works by stopping ovulation, thickening the mucus of the cervix (which makes it harder for sperm to get through) and making the lining of the womb thinner so that a fertilised egg can't implant.

How effective is it?

It is over 99% effective (source: CoSRH).

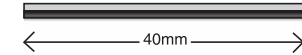
What advantages does it have?

- It lasts for 13 weeks (Depo-Provera or Sayana Press). Sayana Press can be self-injected
- You don't have to think about contraception for as long as the injection lasts
- It may reduce heavy periods for some people

What disadvantages does it have?

- Periods may stop, become irregular or last longer
- Periods and fertility may take time to return after stopping the injection
- Some women can gain weight

Option 2: Implant



What is it?

The contraceptive implant is a small plastic rod, which is put under the skin in your upper arm. It contains the hormone progestogen, which is slowly released over a period of three years.

It works in the same way as the injection.

How effective is it?

It is over 99% effective (source: CoSRH).

What advantages does it have?

- It lasts for three years, but it can be taken out sooner
- You don't have to think about contraception for as long as the implant is in place
- Your periods and fertility will return to normal when the implant is removed

What disadvantages does it have?

- Periods may stop, be irregular or last longer
- It must be fitted and removed by a healthcare professional with local anaesthetic to numb the skin
- Tenderness, swelling and some bruising may occur at the insertion site for a few days