



Building healthier lives

UHB is a no smoking Trust

Why do I need a texture modified diet?

With some types of illness or treatment you may experience chewing or swallowing problems, which makes eating difficult.

Due to swallowing difficulties you may also be advised to have fluids that are thickened. A speech and language therapist will advise you further if you require thickener in your drinks.

It is very important to eat a varied diet with enough calories and protein. This will help you to keep well-nourished, which is important over the course of your illness or through your treatment. This may help to speed up your recovery.

This booklet gives you some ideas on preparing soft and bite-sized foods. We hope this booklet will give you and those who may be involved in the preparation of your meals some guidance, so that you can stay as well-nourished as possible. If you have been in hospital you may have taken some of these options whilst receiving the Level 6 Soft and Bite Sized menu.

What is a Soft and Bite-Sized Diet?

- Can be eaten with a fork, spoon or chopsticks
- Can be mashed/broken down into small pieces approximately 1.5cm/15mm with a fork, spoon or chopsticks
- Chewing is required before swallowing
- Soft, tender and moist with no separate thin liquid
- × No pips, seeds, or pith (inside skin)
- × No skins, husks, or outer shells e.g. on beans, peas or grapes
- × No hard, crunchy foods e.g. nuts or raw apples
- No sticky foods e.g cheese chunk. toffee, marshmallows or nut butters
- × No 'floppy' foods e.g. lettuce, cucumber, uncooked spinach leaves
- No juicy food where juice separates off in the mouth to a mixed texture, e.g. melon
- × No stringy fruits and vegetables such as pineapple and celery

Food preparation

Food should be able to be mashed/broken down with a fork, spoon or chopsticks. It is not necessary to sieve or puree any food. Food should be prepared with a thick sauce, gravy, yoghurt or custard to make it easier to chew and swallow.

It is always a good idea to prepare larger portions and then freeze individual portions for a later date.

Food can often look more appetising if items are mashed separately rather than mixing them all together. This means that the individual taste of each food is maintained rather than the whole meal tasting of one flavour. Herbs, spices and sauces can still be used to flavour your foods, unless they make your mouth sore because of the treatments that you are having.

Before serving or eating

Check there are no hard pieces, crusts or skins that have formed during cooking, heating or standing. Also check that any fluids, gravy, sauces and/or custard in or on the food has not thinned out or separated off.

Keeping well-nourished

Whilst following a Soft and Bite-Sized Diet, it may be difficult to take enough nutritious foods to help maintain your weight. Try to eat a variety of foods and eating little and often may be more manageable if your appetite is poor. Aim for 3 meals and 3 snacks/nourishing drinks a day. These can include milky drinks, soups and snacks such as yogurts, custards and mousses.

Remember to liaise with your speech and language therapist if you are required to have thickened fluids.

Fortifying your foods can also help to add extra protein to make them more nutritious. This can be done by:

- Adding margarine/butter or grated cheese to mashed potatoes, vegetables and scrambled eggs
- Adding cheese and cream to soups
- Adding honey, sugar and jam to cereals, puddings and drinks
- Using fortified milk. This can be made by adding 4 tablespoons of skimmed milk powder to 1 pint of full cream milk. This can be used in puddings and sauces

Try to weigh yourself once a week. If you find that you are still losing weight contact your dietitian who may be able to advise further and suggest nutritional products to help with your weight.

Food preparation tips

Try to chose foods you are familiar with and enjoy the taste of.

Meat/meat substitutes

- Pieces of soft tender meat must be served no bigger than 1.5cm
- Serve meat finely minced, with no hard pieces
- Serve in a thick smooth sauce or gravy

Eggs

Scrambled/poached/boiled

Fish

- Should be soft enough to break up into small 1.5cm/pieces be careful to look out for fish bones
- Serve in a thick smooth sauce or gravy
- Casseroles/Stews/Curries
- Must be thick
- Can contain meat, lentils, fish or vegetables in pieces no bigger than 1.5cm

Bread

 No bread unless assessed as suitable by a speech and language therapist on an individual basis

Starchy carbohydrates

- Potatoes can be mashed, boiled or baked (served without skin)
- Small, soft chips served with sauce
- Pasta can be cooked until soft and served with sauce
- Yam/plantain can be boiled until soft and served with sauce
- Rice and cous cous can be served well soaked with sauce

Cereal

- Cereals should have the texture of thick smooth porridge with no lumps or the texture of fully softened wheat—biscuit breakfast cereal with milk fully absorbed
- Cornflakes/blan flakes can be made with hot milk to help soften them and ensure the milk is fully absorbed

Fruit and vegetables

- Can be fresh, tinned or frozen
- Remove skin or seeds
- Cook vegetable until tender
- Harder fruits such as apples can be softened with stewing remove skins)
- Drain away any juice that has separated

Desserts

- Custard and mousse pots
- Creme caramel
- Instant whip
- Smooth full fat yogurts
- Pureed fruit with cream or custard
- Rice pudding/semolina
- Soft sponge cake with cream or custard
- Ice creams and jellies may need to be avoided if you require thickened fluids as these can become normal consistency fluids in the mouth

Your dietitian/speech and language therapist may suggest trying the following:	
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If you have any further queries please contact your dietitian and speech and language therapist for further information.

The advice in this booklet is in line with the IDDSI Framework.

Dietitian contact details:

Queen Elizabeth Hospital Telephone: **0121 371 3485**

Heartlands Hospital, Good hope Hospital or Solihull Hospital

Telephone: 0121 424 2673

If you require this information in another format, such as a different language, large print, braille or audio version please ask a member of staff or email patientexperience@uhb.nhs.uk .
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